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PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number (Optional) 51601	
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		Filed June 26, 2006	
		First Named Inventor Hyun-Wook Cho et al.	
		Art Unit 2452	Examiner Dohm Chankong

Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request.

This request is being filed with a notice of appeal.

The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attached sheet(s).

Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided.

I am the

applicant/inventor.
 assignee of record of the entire interest.
 See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed.
 (Form PTO/SB/96)
 attorney or agent of record. 38,991
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 Signature
Wonki K. Park

 Typed or printed name

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 Telephone number

November 23, 2011

 Date

NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required.
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7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
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PATENT
Attorney Docket No.: 51601

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: : Confirmation No.: 3059
Hyun-Wook CHO et al. : Group Art Unit: 2452
Serial No.: 10/584,239 : Examiner: Chankong Dhom
Filed: June 26, 2006 : Customer No.: 01609
For: METHOD OF STORING AND :
REPRODUCING CONTENTS :
:

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Honorable Commissioner for Patents
United States Patent and Trademark Office
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

ARGUMENTS FOR CONSIDERATION FILED CONCURRENTLY WITH
PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

Sir:

In response to the advisory action mailed on November 1, 2011 and the final office action mailed on July 25, 2011, Applicants submit the following arguments for consideration with the concurrently filed Pre-Appeal Brief Request for Review. A notice of appeal and a petition for extension of time are also submitted herewith.

Remarks/Arguments begin on page 2 of this paper.

REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

I. Status of Claims

Claims 1-19 are currently pending in the application, with claims 1, 9 and 13 being independent. This response addresses the rejections of the Examiner. Favorable reconsideration is respectfully requested.

II. Reply to Advisory Action dated November 1, 2011

The Examiner inaccurately paraphrased Applicants' comments on page 2, item 11. The Examiner's queries were previously answered on pages 7-10 of Applicants' response to the final office action filed on October 24, 2011, to which the Examiner is directed to. It appears that the Examiner is not clear as to the following points of the claimed invention: (1) all terminals each have an unique terminal identification information; (2) contents downloaded from a server to a first terminal are stored "with terminal identification information of the first terminal"; (3) it is possible to transmit such contents from one terminal to another, such that "contents with terminal identification information of the first terminal" can be transmitted from the first terminal to a second terminal, and the second terminal compares its terminal identification information with that of the received "contents with terminal identification information of the first terminal" and if the terminal identification information are identical, the second terminal can reproduce the contents; (4) the Examiner stated: "Moreover...that if the terminal identification is identical, reproducing the contents by a second terminal "can **never** happen because the identification will never be identical...[Emphasis added]. In this regard, the Examiner has not considered a case in which the terminal identification information in the content from sending terminal matches that of receiving terminal, in which case, the content receiving terminal **confirms** that the content received from the content sending terminal **originated from the receiving terminal**, and thus the content receiving terminal is authorized to use the content.

III. Rejection of claims 1-4, 9 and 13-17 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as allegedly being anticipated by US. Pub. No. 2004/0107368 (hereinafter, Colvin)

Claim 1

The Examiner alleged that Colvin teaches a method of storing and reproducing contents, comprising connecting to a contents sever, downloading contents from the contents server, and storing the downloaded contents along with *terminal identification information of a first terminal by the first terminal*, and transmitting the contents with the terminal identification information to a second terminal by the first terminal. Applicants respectfully disagree.

In Colvin, before contents are downloaded to a first device, the user must supply personal registration information, such a user name, and email address. In addition, information may automatically be accessed from the first device to procure machine or device registration information, such as MAC address, hardware ID, and IP. (See 120 in Figure 2 of Colvin). The registration information, both personal and from the first device, is utilized by an authentication code generator to generate an authentication code (AC). The authentication code is then added to the content files that are stored in the first device. However, such authentication code is not unique, as explained above.

Claim 1 recites storing the downloaded contents along with terminal identification information of a first terminal. The terminal identification information is unique to each terminal (see page 3, first full paragraph of the present application, as filed) and does not require incorporation therein of personal information or other device registration information such as MAC address, hardware ID, and IP, as in Colvin. Incorporation of such personal information will not result in a unique authentication code, as explained above.

Claim 9

The Examiner alleged that Colvin teaches a method of storing contents in a terminal, comprising the steps of: connecting to a contents server and downloading contents; reading preliminarily stored terminal identification information; and storing the downloaded contents together with the read terminal identification information. Applicants respectfully disagree.

As noted above, the terminal identification information is unique to each terminal. Claim 9 recites connecting to a contents server and downloading contents, reading preliminarily stored terminal identification information, and storing the downloaded contents together with the read terminal identification information.

In contrast, in Colvin, before contents are downloaded to a first device, the user must supply personal registration information, such a user name, and email address. In addition, information may automatically be accessed from the first device to procure machine or device registration information, such as MAC address, hardware ID, and IP. (See 120 in Figure 2 of Colvin). The registration information, both personal and from the first device, is utilized by an authentication code generator to generate an authentication code (AC). The authentication code is then added to the content files that are stored in the first device. The authentication code of Colvin is not unique, and therefore, it is not equivalent to the claimed terminal identification information.

Claim 13

The Examiner alleged that Colvin teaches a method of reproducing contents in a terminal, comprising the steps of checking *terminal identification information attached to stored contents, comparing the terminal identification information attached to the contents with terminal identification information of the terminal*, and reproducing the contents, wherein the terminal identification information is attached to the contents with terminal identification information of the terminal. Applicants respectfully disagree.

As noted above, the terminal identification information is unique to each terminal. In contrast, in Colvin, before contents are downloaded to a first device, the user must supply personal registration information, such a user name, and email address. In addition, information may automatically be accessed from the first device to procure machine or device registration information, such as MAC address, hardware ID, and IP. (See 120 in Figure 2 of Colvin). The registration information, both personal and from the first device, is utilized by an authentication code generator

to generate an authentication code (AC). The authentication code is then added to the content files that are stored in the first device. The authentication code of Colvin is not unique, and therefore, it is not equivalent to the claimed terminal identification information.

IV. Rejection of claims 5-8, 10-12, 18 and 19 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as allegedly being unpatentable over Colvin in view of U.S. Pub. No. 2005/0004873, U.S. Pub. No. 2002/0016846 or U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0195851

The Examiner acknowledged that Colvin does not disclose the elements specific to claims 5-8, 10-12, 18 and 19, and cited one of the secondary references above for the sole purpose of allegedly disclosing such elements. However, none of the secondary references cure the deficiencies of Colvin, with regard to independent claims 1, 9 and 13 from which claims 5-8, 10-12, 18 and 19 depend. Therefore, withdrawal of this rejection is requested.

V. Conclusion

It is believed that the above-identified application is in condition for allowance, and notice to that effect is respectfully requested. Should the Examiner have any questions, the Examiner is encouraged to contact the undersigned at the telephone number indicated below. The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fees or credit any overpayments which may be incurred in connection with this paper to Deposit Account No. 18-2220.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: November 23, 2011

Wonki Park/
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